## EFFECT OF CALIBRATION METHODS ON SPIROMETRY RESULTS

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Department of Thoracic Medicine, The Prince Charles Hospital, OLD, 4032 To calibrate spirometers, the American Thoracic of Society recommends at least 3 trials where the flowrates are varied between 2 and 12 L/s. No recommendations exist for the use of a filter during calibration. Aims:1) To determine if spirometry results are affected by: a) the use of a filter during calibration, b) the flowrates at which the spirometer is calibrated. 2) To compare differences in results caused by the use of filters during calibration between two spirometer types. Method: Jaeger pneumotach and Sensormedics Rolling Seal 2130 spirometers were calibrated with a 3L syringe with and without a filter. The Jaeger pneumotach was calibrated using 1 flowrate method and 3 flowrate method; the rolling seal was calibrated using 3 flowrate method. Normal subjects (N=10) were tested in a random order to compare the effects of the use of a filter and flowrate during calibration on  $FEV_1$ , FVC, FEF 25-75% and PEF. An explosive decompression device (EDD) (N=11) was used to simulate patient results. Results were analysed using two way repeated measures ANOVA and t-test. Results:1) Normal subjects showed no significant difference in results due to the use of a filter or the use of 1 or 3 flowrates during calibration (all P>0.05). EDD results on the Jaeger were unchanged by the use of a filter except for FVC measurement, with differences between 3 and 1 flowrates:

Parameter	Flowrate Effect	Р	Filter Effect	Р
	(Mean difference)	Values	(Mean Difference)	Values
$FEV_1$	38 ml	0.001	5 ml	0.47
FVC	71 ml*	< 0.001	7 ml	0.28
FEF 25-75%	0.02 L/s	0.016	0.01 L/s	0.18
PEF	0.05 L/s	< 0.001	0.005 L/s	0.78

\* mean difference with filter 80 ml, without filter 62 ml. 2) Comparison of two spirometers for differences in results caused by calibrating with and without a filter only showed a significant difference in PEF (p=0.04) (0.05L/s) with the EDD device. **Conclusion:** The differences in calibrating with 1flowrate and 3 flowrates are statistically but not clinically significant. No differences were seen in using a filter during calibration. Machine type does not affect the results except for PEF, which is not clinically significant.